

DRAFT

MESSAGE GUIDE: OUR CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE



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Background

This document is a basic 'cheat sheet' designed to help you respond to media questions about our young people in a way that helps to generate a constructive conversation - rather than trigger the same old myths and arguments.

It is based on research conducted in the US and is a guide only.

Reference: <https://www.frameworksinstitute.org/toolkit/the-core-story-of-adolescence/>

NOTE: The recommendations in this document are general in nature. In reality, our NT young people come from a diverse range of cultures and experiences and not all these suggestions will apply to everyone.

PUBLIC THINKING - THE MYTHS WE ARE UP AGAINST...

- Individualism (i.e. some youths are just 'bad eggs' and a lack of understanding that community and social context is important).
- Adolescence is solely a period of risk, danger, and vulnerability.
- Many young people are out-of-control or 'problem youths'.
- Successful adolescent development is mostly about immediate and personal impacts.

NOTE: It is not helpful to simply rebut these myths. By repeating them, we risk reinforcing them. Instead, we need to tell a new, more constructive, story.

WHAT IS THE STORY THAT WE WANT TO TELL?

- *Structural factors like racism, poverty, and access to services, lead to disparities among adolescents (i.e. systems change is necessary).*
- *Use a discovery metaphor to explain that adolescent brains are in an important stage of development that benefits from trying new things.*
- *Advance stories of youth service and activism without acknowledging negative myths about adolescents.*
- *Supporting adolescents is good for individuals and we all benefit from stronger communities. When talking about these benefits, use words such as 'now and into the future'.*



How can we tell this story?

The following provides an example of how we might tell a more positive 'core story' about adolescent development in the NT, using the 4-step structure for effective framing:

1. START WITH SHARED VALUES

The Northern Territory has a young and vibrant population with almost 1 in 5 people aged 10-24.

When our adolescents and young people are happy, healthy, and connected to community, we all benefit - now and into the future.

2. EXPLAIN THE SITUATION/ CHALLENGE

Youth is a time of remarkable opportunity and growth. From around age 10 to about 25, we discover, learn from, and adapt to the world around us.

We forge our sense of who we are and who we aspire to be. We learn to make decisions, manage our emotions, and create deeper connections with peers and others in our communities.

Younger adolescents are developing skills to make good decisions and build their resilience. They need space for positive interactions with peers to fully develop these skills.

3. SHOW SOLUTIONS AND TELL STORIES OF EFFICACY

We need to provide young Territorians with safe opportunities to try new things and explore the world beyond their families.

Often this involves remodeling our dysfunctional and discriminatory systems.

<insert examples of programs that do this effectively>

<use the discovery metaphor - see below>

4. END WITH A SHARED VISION

Supporting every young person, in every community leads to healthier and more connected communities throughout the NT.



Choosing our words carefully...

DON'T



Focus on risks and vulnerabilities - a counterproductive narrative already exaggerated in public understanding.



Restate myths or negative stereotypes about adolescents, even to debunk them.



Focus only on individual success as a measure of positive adolescent outcomes.



Talk about poor outcomes among marginalised youth but leave out how systems disadvantage certain groups of young people.



"Other" young people by solely referring to "they" or "them."



Rely on the term "teenagers."

DO

Emphasize the positives about adolescents and their development.

Focus on examples of youth service and activism. (By just mentioning stereotypes we help to reinforce them.)

Point out the benefits to society that result from positive social, emotional, and identity development. Young people are an important part of a connected community.

Explain the structural factors like racism that lead to disparities and inequities among adolescents.

Remind audiences that we have all experienced this time of life by using "we" and "our."

Define the term "adolescence." Use age or grade ranges or descriptions like "the developmental period between childhood and adulthood."



When talking about adolescence it can be useful to use the 'discovery metaphor':

Adolescence is a critical period of discovery and opportunity. During adolescence, we explore the world around us, mapping out the terrain so we can find our path to adulthood. This is a time of trial and error as we pursue new experiences and different ways of expressing ourselves. That's why we need to create environments where all adolescents have room to take positive risks and discover who they are and what they want for their future.

Examples:

- "Young people learn by trial and error."
- "When we're adolescents, we need opportunities to test out new ideas and experiences."
- "Adolescence is about unearthing new experiences and making sense of them."
- "Adolescents need to experiment - to try new things where they don't know what the outcome will be."
- "During adolescence, we begin to explore the world outside of our family in new ways."





IN SUMMARY - QUICK TIPS:

- Tell stories about youth **activism** and young people's **engagement** in their communities.
- Draw attention to **support** required for positive outcomes and avoid focusing on vulnerabilities.
- Use the discovery metaphor to emphasise the need to provide adolescents with **opportunities** to expand and grow.
- **Listen** to and **amplify** the stories young people tell about themselves.
- Order matters - make the **positive case first**.
- Highlight the link between **interconnected communities** and positive adolescent development.
- Explain, don't just assert, the **link** between adolescent development and community-level outcomes.

FIND THE FACTS

Mission Australia Youth Report

https://cmc.nt.gov.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0020/1061372/story-of-our-children-and-young-people-2021.pdf

34.5%

The Northern Territory has a young population with about 1 in 3 people aged 0-24

41.2%

More than 4 in 10 children and young people, aged 0-24, are Aboriginal people^a

Members of the Northern Territory Prevention Alliance (NTPA):



More logos to come